Niemeyer

Rev. by

2660. Wagner (Heinrich): The Celtic invasions of Ireland and Great Britain: facts and theories.
Argues against a pre-Insular Celtic division of Goidelic and Brythonic, and suggests that Celtic was brought to Britain and Ireland by a tribe that had been exposed to the influence of North-Western Germanic. Appendix contains a collection of possible Celto-Germanic isoglosses: 1. Loss of the Indo-European reflexive pronoun; 2. Irish comparative forms ending in 5; 3. The 2nd sg. of the Old Irish and Welsh suffixless preterite; 4. Notes on verbal prefixes; 5. The Welsh relative particle a.
Greene (David) (hon.)

In ZCP 42 (1987), pp. 41-115.
Reconstructs the honour-prices corresponding to the previously discussed grades and examines the units of currency used in payments.

2669. Watson (Seosamh): Séamus Ó Duilearga’s Antrim notebooks. II: Language.
Linguistic analysis of the dialect from the Glens of Antrim, based on the material presented in part I.

In ZCP 42 (1987), pp. 219-241.
Contains 15 texts with phonetic transcription recorded in situ from storytellers Pég Súiver and Maire Ó Ruadail. Compléments Oral literature from Dunquin, County Kerry, ed. by H. Wagner and N. Mac Congail, Belfast 1983.

2671. Broderick (George): A handbook of late spoken Manx: index of Gaelic words.
Investigates the inflexion of *beir* in the Modern Irish dialects. To be continued.

2673. Fulk (Robert D.): The historical present in medieval Irish narrative.
Argues that in Old Irish narrative prose the alternation between preterite and present tense is used to characterize the events as more and less important respectively from the author’s point of view.

Suggests that a Celtic prototype, of which *Tochmarc Étaine* is the Irish analogue, underlies the Old French poem.

2675. Hamilton (Noel): The non-personal in Irish.
Discusses the deletion of the subject pronoun in analytic forms and the substitution of synthetic forms by the non-personal (i.e. historical 3rd sg.) in the responsive and in other instances of repetition of the main verb.