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Lacey (Brian): Colum Cille’s first steps as a baby.
   On Cédim thec h t Choluim Cille, a place name in Co. Donegal.

Ó Riain (Pádraig): Crough Patrick’s early associations, Patrician and non-Patrician.
   In Mayo history and society (2014), pp. 67–76.

Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Some aspects of the toponymy of the Upper Glenarm district, Co. Antrim.

Ó Muirigh (Caoimhín): Tooraneena, Co. Phort Láirge: léamh eile ar an ainm.
   Suggests it may derive from Tuar an Aonaigh.

Ó Dálaigh (Pádraig): Bailte fearainn pharóiste sibhialta Inse Geimhleach, Contae Chorcaí.
   In JCHAS 113 (2008), pp. 69–79.
   The townland names of the parish of Inishgealagh, Co. Cork.

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Original address:
5475. Ó Brádaigh (Tomás): Baile Uí Cheannaigh, Baile na gCeallach, Baile na gCaileach: cé acu?
   *In RíM 5/2 (1972), pp. 70–73.*
   Investigates the Irish name of Collinstown, in Co. Westmeath.

2454. Ó Murcadhda (Diarmuid): Dún Cermna: a reconsideration.
   Refutes Keating’s identification of Dún Cermna with Dúnmacpatrick, on the Old Head of Kinsale, Co. Cork, arguing that the actual location may have been Dunmore in SE Co. Waterford.


2431. Flanagan (Marie Therese): *Historia Graffud vab Kenan* and the origins of Balrothery, Co. Dublin.
   *In CMCS 28 (Winter, 1994), pp. 72–94.*
   Rejects the Ordnance Survey Irish version of the place name (viz *Baile an Ridire*) and argues that the second element is to be identified with a Welsh place name *Richerid* or similar.

2508. Toner (Gregory): Identifying Ptolemy’s Irish places and tribes.
   *In Towards a linguistic atlas of the earliest Celtic place-names (2000), pp. 73–82.*

6014. Ó Murcadhda (Diarmuid): The castle of Dún Mic Oghmainn and the overlordship of Carbery.
   *In JCHAS 93 (1988), pp. 73–82.*

   *In Ainm 3 (1988), pp. 73–76.*

6417. Ó Murchadhda (Diarmuid): Kerry place-names in two twelfth-century poems.
   *In JKAHS (2nd ser.) 8 (2008), pp. 74–86.*
   1) Domhnach ldomair tar buschair; (2) Óenach indiu luid in ri.

5993. Hurley (V.): The distribution, origins and development of ‘temple’ as a church name in the South-West of Ireland.
   *In JCHAS 84 (1979), pp. 74–87.*
   Argues that the use of Ir. *t sean* in place names postdates the Norman invasion.

   *In DHR 25/2 (Mar., 1972), pp. 75–76.*
   Formerly known as ‘Inveralis’ (Ir. *Inbhearc lascheigh*).
2338. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): Ar lorg na Breatnaise in Éirinn.

2252. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): Baill choirp mar logainmneacha.
   1. ceann; 2. cloigeann; 3. céadan.

   *In Sráidainmneacha na hÉireann (1998)*, pp. 76–111.


6046. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Place-names of the parish of Templebreedy, Co. Cork.

5032. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): The priest and the Mass in Irish place-names.
   *In Nomina 14 (1990)*, pp. 77–82.
   *sagart, Aifrinn as place-name elements.*

5539. Ó Canann (Tomás G.): Áth Úi Chanannáin and the toponymy of medieval Mide.

2273. Hannan (Robbie): Ballymisert: baile fearainn i bparóiste Ard Mhic Nasca.
   1r. *Baile Machairein.*


5011. Mac Aodha (B. S.): An un tapped source for Irish place-names.
   *In Nomina 8 (1984)*, pp. 79–82.
   *Examines the ‘Boigland’ maps from 1810–1814, with especial reference to Co. Galway.*

   *Transf. of D. FLANAGAN, Béal Féiste agus áitáinmnéacha láistigh, in (pp. 45–64) Topothesia: essays in honour of T. S. Ó Máille, ed. by B. S. Mac Aodha (Galway 1982).*

6027. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): Béalaíbhlóth nó Béal Átha na Bláithche?
In *JCHAS* 97 (1992), pp. 80–84.


2486. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): A review of some placename material from *Foras Fonna Érinn*.


Divided in: (a) Misreadings and mistaken forms; (b) Some minor errors; (c) Misplaced locations.

15445. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Kinnatallo: its original Irish name.


< *Cinéal Talamhnaigh*.

5487. Cox (Liam): Leic Mhic Hil and Cnoc Buadhha identified.


7159. Roarty (Leonard): My own place: Maigh Itha or the Lagan Valley.

In *Donegal annual* 38 (1986), pp. 81–86.


Suggests replaced earlier *Baile an Sratha Bhui*.

16115. Mac Gabhann (Fiachra): An eilimint *nuach* i mionainmeacha cósta i gConnachtá.


2507. de Bernardo Stempel (Patrizia): Ptolemy’s Celtic Italy and Ireland: a linguistic analysis.


pp. 100–106: assessment of the Celtic element in Ptolemy’s onomastic material concerning Ireland.

2246. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Some aspects of the toponymy of the Crannagh district, Glenelly, Co. Tyrone.


13249. Fraser (Ian A.): ‘The disembowelled horse’: a place-name tale from Gaelic oral tradition.


Refers to Allt Leacachain in Ross-shire.

2298. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Áitainmeacha an Dúin Mhóir ar léarscáil Phetty.

   Discusses a topographical tract providing information on the area of Co. Cork formerly known as Caölle.


6413. MacCotter (Paul): An Daingean and Dingle: what’s in a name?

1964. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): Cill Chaise nó Cill Chais? Logainm i gContae Thíobraid Árann.

16111. Ó Coigligh (Ciarán): Logainmeacha Inis Meáin: an deilbhíocht.

2315. Mac Gabhann (Fiachra): Drumcree, Contae Ard Mhacha.

   ad J. O’Kane in ZCP 31.119 (*BILL* 1528).


8704. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Ainmneacha na ngarraithe: a nádúr agus a dhábhacht.

2339. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Some aspects of the toponymy of the Aughamuduff-Slieve Gullion area in South Armagh.

2316. Toner (Gregory): A reassessment of the element cealbeing.
12338. Ó Liatháin (Pádraig): Röimint tagairtí do Thalamh an Éisc i líthiocht na Gaeilge ón ochtú agus ón naoi céad déag.
   In Éige 38 (2013), pp. 94–103.
   Discusses references to Newfoundland in Irish language sources.

15152. FitzPatrick (Elizabeth): Formaoil na Fiann: hunting preserves and assembly places in Gaelic Ireland.
   In PHCC 32 (2013), pp. 95–118.
   Offers a detailed study of formaoil place-names in Ireland.

2254. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): An púc a i llogainmneacha.

16719. Oates (Gerry): Cathair Sheoirseach nó dúnforgt na nGael.
   In Dúiché Néill 17 (2008), pp. 97–103.
   Examines townland names in the vicinity of the Armagh area, highlighting the importance of the native Irish background of the area.

5036. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Murdoc Mackenzie’s charts as a source for Irish place-names.

8705. de hÓir (Éamonn): Nótaí faoi roinn t logainmneacha in Oirthear Chontae Chill Dara.
   Ardino; Ballymore Eastage; Bluebell; Bolóybeg; Brannockstown; Broadleas Commons; Craddockstown; Edestown; Halverstown; Killcullen; Killashee; Knockdalin; Naas; Newabbey; Rathmore; Silliothill.

6076. Ó Murchadhá (Diarmuid): Cath Maighe Léana and some West Munster placenames.
   In JCHAS 110 (2005), pp. 97–112.
   Discusses 26 place names in the Killarney-Kenmare area. Appendix: [Additional place-name material in Micheal Ó Longáin’s recension.]

5996. Mac Carthaigh (Micheál): Placenames of the parish of Killascan.
   Barony of Bear, Co. Cork.

15930. Ó Muraille (Nollaig): The place-names of Clare Island.
   1. Historical attestations of the name Cliona/Clare Island; 2. The first list of Clare Island toponyms: from William Bald’s Map of the maritime County Mayo (surveyed 1809-16); 3. Clare Island microtoponyms recorded by the Ordnance Survey c. 1838; 4. MacNeill’s survey of Clare Island toponymy, 1910, revised and updated with material from the resurvey of 1996; 5. Place-names not
8694. Ó Murcaidh (Diarmuid): Carn Uí Néid.
A consideration of the evidence for the name-form Carn Uí Néid (Mizen Head, Co. Cork). The original name is held to be Carn, the addition being a literary one of about 1100, the earlier form continuing in local usage until the present day. The townland was known in the 16th–17th century as Carn Uí Ghlaímhín, from the proprietor. In the later period the headland itself was known as Céann Charn or Céann an Chairn.

8323. Ó Murcaidh (Diarmuid): Ollarbha: ainm abhann i gContae Acrama.
Is identified as the Six Mile Water river.

16504. Mac Gabhann (Fiachra): The place-names of Mayo.

6309. Ó Conchubhair (Patrick J.): Medieval regionalism in North County Kerry: concepts and criteria.
Includes an assessment of place name evidence.

2340. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Response to a review of Place-Names of Northern Ireland: The Mournes.

In Ainm 7 (1996), pp. 102–104.

1512. Ó Broin (Tomás): Cnocbrád: the spurious tradition.
In Éigse 15/2 (Geimhreadh, 1973), pp. 103–113.
Cnocbrád does not describe a building but more likely to describe a sacred grove. Cumid na Cnocbráide represents the only legitimate employment of the term cnebrád. Suggests that Emain Macha may mean ‘grove of Macha’, and that emain may derive from nemain, possibly related to Irish nemed and Gaul nemeton.

2318. Mac Giolla Easpaig (Dónall): Dunlewy and Dún Lúiche.

2341. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): The place-names of Rathlin Island: index.
18938. Fellows-Jensen (Gillian): Nordic names and loanwords in Ireland.
2277. Ó Canann (Tomás): Notes on some Donegal place-names.
   I. Ballycannon; II. Meenycannon; III. Cannon’s Lough; IV. Glennagannon; V. Drumcannon.
13862. Byrne (Paul): The Northern boundary of Múscraige Tíre.
   In Éiríu 64 (2014), pp. 107–121.
2307. McKay (Pat): The tuath-names of the baronies of Toome, Co. Antrim.
   Munterividy, Feevagh, Muntercallie, Clanaghery.
2319. Mac Gabhann (Fiachra): Logaimneacha i ceantar Bláile Chaisléáin a thit as feidhm.
   Drumargy, Drumnacross, Gortrumine, Holm, Portbrittas, Stromshesk.
6629. Ó Broín (Tomás): Inis Thiar: naming and misnaming.
   In JGAHS 51 (1999), pp. 109–119.
   On the original name of Inis Oírr, Co. Galway.
   In JKAHS 23 (1990), pp. 109–156.
   Includes a discussion of place-name formation.
   In StH 20 (1980), pp. 111–139.
8538. Ó Mainín (Micheál B.): Locating Mag itir dá Glais: a church site in Machae.
   In Celtica 26 (2010), pp. 111–121.
   Reassesses the evidence for the identification of this place name with the ecclesiastical site at Magheraglass.
6047. Ó hÚrdail (Roibeárd): The placename Béal na Blá.
6065. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Glaislín and Inis na hEidnigi.
   In JCHAS 109 (2004), pp. 111–118.
   Discusses and identifies two Co. Cork place-names occurring in Cogadh Gaedhelre Gallaibh (LL 30538-41).
8920. Ó Mainnín (Micheál B.): ‘Saig in Machai Forthaid’: on the application and extent of ‘the Macha’ in north-west Armagh.
   In Ériu 60 (2010), pp. 111–130.

2997. Øftedal (Magne): “Ardroil”.
   In F. Sommerfelt (1972), pp. 111–125.
   Criticises and corrects W. J. Watson and G. Henderson’s methodology for re-constructing underlying Old Norse place-names in (especially Outer Hebrides) Scottish Gaelic.

16154. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Dornán sláidainmneacha i gCathair na Gaillimhe.
   In Sláidainmneacha na hÉireann (1998), pp. 112–125.

5540. Ó Murchadh (Diarmuid): Odhba and Navan.
   Argues that Navan and An Uaimh are derivations of the earlier historic name Odhba.

18291. FitzPatrick (Elizabeth): Finn’s wilderness and boundary landforms in medieval Ireland.
   In Landscape and myth in North-Western Europe (2019), pp. 113–146.
   Studies the term formaoil used in place-names in Ireland and Scotland (variously anglicized as Fermoyle, Formoyle, Formil, Formal, etc.), and argues it was applied to particular bare-topped hills and mountains connected to the idea of wilderness, boundaries and conflict, and in fianagecht also conceived as hunting reserve and place of contact with the Otherworld for Finn and his fian.

2320. Toner (Gregory): The backward nook: cúil and cúil in Irish place-names.

220. Hughes (A. J.): The virgin St. Dinsech and her three Ulster churches near Strangford Lough, County Down.
   Evidence for St Dinsech in east County Down in the place-names Killinchy, Killinchy in the Woods, and Dunsy Island in Strangford Lough.

   In Ainm 2 (1987), pp. 114–120.

18161. Ó Canann (Tomás G.): Notes on medieval Donegal: III.
   In Donegal annual 68 (2016), pp. 114–120.
2755. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Rian an Bhéarla ar áitainmneacha Chontae Ard mhacha.


6451. McAnallen (Brendan): Field names in Aghaloo and English.

5020. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): The element Ath/Ford in Irish place-names.


7222. Ó Seanaigh (Diarmuid): Caol Uisce and Domnach Mór: two medieval mysteries by the Erne.


16116. Quinn (John): The identification of Aughagran and its correlation with Achadh Gréine in Betha Beragh (The life of Saint Barry).


1953. Ó Con Cheanainn (Tomás): An tainm áite Inis Óirr.
   In Éigse 26 (1992), pp. 119–123.

8931. Ó Con Cheanainn (Tomás): Sloinne agus áitainn i gConamara.
2256. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): The identification of Ulster river-names on Mercator’s map.

9085. Hodkinson (Brian): The place names Maidstown and Ballinvreena, Co. Limerick.
   In NMAJ 43 (2003), pp. 121-122.

5109. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): An t-athrá in áitainmneacha na hÉireann.

8539. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): An unwanted toponymical error by John O’Donovan.

5021. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Mercator’s map of Ireland as a source for mountain names.

7191. Spears (Arthur): Some interesting Gaelic placenames from Balleighan and Ballylawn, two estates of the Ulster Plantation of the Laggan (‘Portlough Precinct’).

8708. Mac Cárthaigh (Michéal): Placenames of the parish of Killaconenagh.

16302. Ó Coigligh (Ciarán): Eilimin tí na logainmneacha in Inis Meáin, Oileáin Árann.

2278. Ó Máille (T. S.): Irish place-names in -as, -es, -is, -os, -us.

5435. Ó Dufaigh (Seosamh): Notes on parish names and boundaries [of the Diocese of Clogher].

16155. de Vál (Scannas S.): Sráidainmneacha Bhaile Loch Garman.
   In Sráidainmneacha na hÉireann (1998), pp. 126-156.
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ture

6596. Mac Aodhas (Breandán S.): Mionainmneacha Chontae Lú. 
In JCLAHS 20/2 (1982), pp. 127–143.


4985. de hÓir (Éamonn): Srachfheacht ar logainmneacha Bhaille Átha Cliath. 
In StH 15 (1975), pp. 128–142.


Also: OIr. roin mac (BB) in Onom. Goid. as a scribal error for roin mac (Bk of Lecan) (= ModIr Sídhe Maicín).


6091. Muhr (Kay): Dochteré, Mag Enir and Leth Cam. 
In JCHAS 113 (2008), pp. 131–143.

Discusses evidence from the annals for two Airgialla place names.

4453. MacDonald (Aidan): Annat in Scotland: a provisional review. 
In ScS 17 (1973), pp. 135–146.

Argues that the element annad (OIr. annad) in Scottish place names was in the broadened meaning of ‘site of an old church’. Includes a list of occurrences of Annat.

7611. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Lagmainn, logmann. 

Also on its use as personal name.

10516. Bennett (Isabel): Marc a’t Sapaire. 

In Ainm 7 (1996), pp. 130–143.

Repr. from BUPNS 1/1 (Autumn 1952), pp. 10-15; (Addendum) BUPNS 1/2 (Spring 1953), p. 30; also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 7-11.

3630. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Minor names in Irish mountain area. 
Examines the toponymy of the area north of Killary Harbour, in West Co. Mayo.

8912. Breeze (Andrew): The Norse-Irish and Antrobus, Cheshire.  
  *In NHi 46/1 (Mar., 2009), pp. 141–142.*  
  < OIr. *an tréithas.*

5998. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Insócennach: a consideration.  
  *In JCHAS 87 (1982), pp. 142–143.*  
  *Inis Éoganáin.*


2279. Mac Mathúna (Liam): The topographical vocabulary of Irish: patterns and implications.  

  Repr. from *BUPNS* 1/2 (Autumn 1952), pp. 26–30; [also repr. as *BUPNS* 1 (1955), pp. 11–14].

16117. Ó Coigligh (Ciarán): Ainmneac'h pearsanta i logainmneach Inis Meáin.  

12304. Lacey (Brian): The Grianán of Áileach: a note on its identification.  

6470. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): The name Cluain Fiacla: an additional note.  

5023. Ó Máille (T. S.): *Venta, Guventa, Finn, Guen*.  
  Argues in favour of the possibility of an OIr. *finn* ‘liquid; river’ cognate with Romano-British *Venta*, etc.

7646. Ó Cruacháin (Conchubhar): *Gardamus*: a little Yola and a little haplogy to create the exotic, but its’ really all too Irish!  

8444. Ó Cearbhalláin (Pádraig): Déise Chontae Thiobraid Árann.  
  On the place names of the southern part of Co. Tipperary comprised in the Diocese of Waterford and Lismore.
605. Meek (Donald E.): Place-names and Literature: evidence from the Gaelic Ballads.
   In Uses of place-names (1998), pp. 147–168.

   The use of place-names in various Fenian ballads, incl. Beann Ghulbain (Laoidh Dhiairmid, beg. Gleann Siodh an gleam so rém thaoibh), Carn Fraoich, Loch Máigh (Laoidh Fraoich, beg. Osnadh carad a Cluain Fraoich), etc.

4397. Waugh (Doreen): The transition from Gaelic to Scots or Scottish English in Caithness place-names.

8428. Quentel (Paul): Gob et le Gobem promontorium.
   In RIO 25 (1973), pp. 147–150.

   Argues gob in Celtic place names can be also invocation to the divine smith.

12307. Lacey (Brian): Tígéin’s Sírdruimm, A domnán’s Dorsum Tómme.


   Repr. from BUPNS 1/1 (Autumn 1952), pp. 15-20; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 15-17].

2531. Mac Mathúna (Liám): Continuity and change in early Irish words for ‘plain’: exploring narrative text and place-name divergence.

   mag, machain, níe, clár, réid, réide.

   In SAM 14/2 (1991), pp. 149–160.

   Studies the distribution of droim, tulaigh, corr, mulla(gh), cnoc, carrag, echoch and magh/machaire.

14040. Mac Giolla Espaigh (Dónall): Placenames and early settlement in County Donegal.

   Cinéad Eoghain and Inis Eoghain; Cinéad Conaill and Tír Chonaill; Cinéad Éanna and Tír Éanna; Cinéad Luighbheach and Tír Luighbheach; Cinéad Bhaige and Tír Bhaighe; Tír Ainmhirich; Tír Aodha; Dún na nGall/Donegal; Early Christian settlement names [cluain; tulaich]; Secular habitation sites as ecclesiastical sites [néid]; Generic ecclesiastical settlement terms: dombnach; díseart; teach; cill.

   In Ériu 42 (1991), pp. 149–151.

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Identifies their territory as being the Ards Peninsula (Aird); emends a "Forthuathaib arda to a "Forthuathaib Arda" in poem beg. Dígid rig Eanna acus Ulad (Lebor na Gáed: The Book of Rights, ed. by M. Dillon (Dublin, 1962) l. 1376).

17208. Coates (Richard) : The name of the state of Maine: an Irish perspective.  
In Names 61/3 (Sep., 2013), pp. 150–158.  
Suggests Maine, in the parish of Cappagh, Co Tyrone, may be the source of the North American province name.

5311. Mac Giolla Easpaig (Dónall): Noun + noun compounds in Irish placenames.  


2328. Arthurs (J. B.): BUPNS reprints 7: Mac ha and Armagh.  
Repr. from BUPNS 1/2 (Spring 1953), pp. 37-43; also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 25-29.

1325. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): Cenn Ebrat, Sliab Càin, Belach Ebrat, Belach Legtha/Lechta.  
Identifications of the following place-names on the Limerick-Cork border:  

1212. Mac Mathúna (Liam): Observations on Irish lann (piece of) land; (church) building' and compounds.  

2344. Lúcás (Leaslaoi): A note on Gleann Maghair.  

16156. Ó Dubhthaigh (Bearnáid): Iniúchadh ar chóras ainmnithe sráideanna.  
In Sráidainmneacha na hÉireann (1998), pp. 157-204.

8361. Flanagan (Deirdre): Settlement terms in Irish place-names.  
On the use and distribution of the place-name elements dún, rith, fos, cathair, caisleal.
   In Ainm 10 (2009), pp. 157–234.
   §1. Introduction; §2. Ordnance Survey sources; §3. Ireland; §4. Sources by
   province; §5. Sources by county.

2345. Ó Muraille (Nollaig): Table of contents of the Bulletin of the Ulster
   Place-Name Society (Series 2): 1978–82 (Ed. Deirdre Flanagan).

2329. Mac Cana (Proinsias): BUPNS reprints 8: Caille Connaill.
   Repr. from BUPNS 1/2 (Spring 1953), pp. 46–48; [also repr. as BUPNS 1
   (1955), pp. 31–32].

13037. Ó Muraille (Nollaig): Some early Connacht population-groups.
   Calraige; Ciarraige; Partraige.


6036. Ó Cearbhaill (Padraig): Squince agus ainmneacha gaolmahra.
   Squince Harbour, Co. Cork; Ir. Seanise.


2346. Ó Ceallaigh (Seamus): BUPNS reprints 11: An Chlosach.
   Repr. from BUPNS 1/3 (Summer, 1953), pp. 49–53; (Addendum), BUPNS
   1/4 (Autumn 1953) 78; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 33–36].

16272. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): Teorainncha, áthanna agus ionáin.
   Examines place-names containing references to hurling: Áth an Mholíc (Ahaw-
   lik); Drom Cromáin (Appletown); Droichead na gCamáin, Tobair na gCamáin
   (Commín Bridge, Tobernahommann); Áth na gCamáin (Aughnahommáin); Áth
   na nUrráin (Urdingford).

4352. Ó Baoill (Colm): Of Mar.
   Discusses the Gaelic place-name Marr, in particular the original form of its
   genitive.

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2280. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Some aspects of the toponymy of the Commenc district, Gweebarra, Co. Donegal.

13110. Mac Eoin (Gearóid): The original name of the Viking settlement at Limerick.
   Argues that the name Inis Ibdon was used for the island at Limerick prior to the arrival of the Scandinavians.

6440. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): Tipperary place-names and Irish -ach.

2347. Ó Ceallaigh (Séamus): BUPNS reprints 12: Queries and suggestions.
   Rep. from BUPNS 1/3 (Summer, 1953), pp. 54–56; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 36–37].

16243. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): Clonoulty agus logainmneacha gaolmhara: bunús agus forás.
   Shows it derives < Cluain Abhall, rejecting the popular local explanation as Cluain an Ultaigh ‘meadow of the Ulsterman’.

16334. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): An dinnseanchaí Déiseach agus a shaothar.
   On Patrick Power (1862–1951), author of The place-names of Deceies (1907).

   Further phonological discussion of the etymology proposed by M. A. O’Brien’s (in Best 2 193 and 195).

1470. Murphy (Kevin): Bassilica seí mar inuadtrillaeum: a suggestion.
   Suggests that the Basilica of St. Martin mentioned in BNF Latin 10637 was located in or near Baslick (Co. Roscommon). Cf. D. Ó Crónín, in Peritia 3 (1984), pp. 33, 35.

   Repr. from BUPNS 1/4 (Autumn 1953), p. 83; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), p. 38].

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1471. Bradley (John): Killaloe: a pre-Norman borough?
   Traces the early history of Killaloe (Cell Da Lua) and Kincora (Coann Coradh).

   [Continued in p. 166.]
   Repr. from BUPNS 1/4 (Autumn 1953), pp. 84-86; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 38-40].

   Dromorebrague, Läänabrague, Armaghbrague. [Continued in p. 179.]

   Examines the pattern of survival of the names given by Adomnán principally to Columban churches in Scotland and Ireland.

   Discusses the origins and meanings of place-names in this district of Co. Derry:
   Desertoghill, Ballynameen, Carbalintober, Crossland, Craigavóe, Caulhamane, Gortacloghan.

2351. Mooney (B.): BUPNS reprints 16: Sound change and the shaping of place-names.
   Repr. from BUPNS 1/4 (Autumn 1953), pp. 74-78; [also repr. as BUPNS 1 (1955), pp. 54-57].

15239. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): Common elements for heights in the placenames of Co. Leitrim.
   Corr, doin, mullach, tuallach, barr, cnoc.

8320. Flanagan (Laurence): An index to minor place-names from the 6th Ordnance Survey: Co. Fermanagh.

2281. Ó Murchadha (Diarmuid): A reconsideration of some place-names from Miscellaneous Irish annals.
2352. Ó Ceallaigh (Séamus): _BUPNS_ reprints 17: Territorial nomenclature between the Bann and Foyle.
1: Repr. from _BUPNS_ 1/4 (Autumn 1953) 79-82; [also repr. as _BUPNS_ 1 (1955), pp. 58-60.] II: Repr. from _BUPNS_ 2/1 (Spring 1954), pp. 11-14.

_In JRSAI_ 133 (2003), pp. 182-186.

16276. Ó Braonáin (Oilibhéar): Caisleán Laighnigh: gnéithe de logainnmeacha, dinnseanachs agus oichtreacht sheandálafochta an leath-pháróiste agus na dúiche máguaird.

7282. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Léirithe báite Ard Mhacha ar na léarscáileanna, 1575-1864.

15240. Finnegan (Aengus): An logainm Whinning, Co. na hIarmhí, agus 'inneoin' mar eilimint i logainnmeacha.

10630. Ó Corráin (Donnchadh): Old Norse place names II: _Máirbech, Smjorvík._

3249. Nicholls (K. W.): The charter of John, Lord of Ireland, to the Cistercian abbey of Baltinglas.

3233. Mooney (Bernard J.): _BUPNS_ reprints 18: Ballymacilrany (Co. Antrim) and Ballymacilreany (Co. Down).
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8360. de hÓir (Éamonn): The Anglicisation of Irish placenames.
_In_Onoma_ 17 (1972-1973), pp. 192-204.

On the treatment of Irish language place names in the pre-1350 period.

2282. Ó Cearbhaill (Pádraig): Áth na gCarbad.
_Carbine Bridge, Co. Tipperary._
1460. Ó Maolalaigh (Roibeard): Tírdhreach na nGael: logainmneacha agus an t-samhlaíocht.
   Creative processes in the formation of Gaelic place-names. Incl. some discussion of móir, dhubh, beag, naoch, bréige, bréagach, breugach, garbh.


17077. Mallory (J. P.): Emain Macha and Navan Fort.
   Provides an overview of the debate about the origin of the name, its place in medieval historical sources, and its representation in early Irish literature.

   In JKAHS 6 (1973), pp. 197–199.
   Discusses a place name in West Kerry.

   Aghaderg, Lenaderg, Derry.
   Repr. from BUPNS 3/1 (Spring 1955), pp. 1–4.

   Draws attention to a “gué de la fourche” attested in both British and Irish.


2283. Ó Mianmín (Micheál B.): The element island in Ulster place-names.

3620. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Translation in Irish place-names.
   Examines toponyms which appear in alternative versions on the Ordnance Survey maps.


5134. Ó Cearbhallí (Pádraig): Abhalla nó olltaigh srl. i logainmneachta?
   Discusses the place-name Cloosolty, in Co. Tipperary.


   1. Place-names; 2. Genealogies. Transcribed from NLI G 192.

2360. Muhr (Kay): Northern Ireland Place-Name Project 1999–.


   Dunfanagh, Tullaghbegley, Falcarragh, Coughanenely, etc.

2284. McKa y (Pat): Some field-names from the parishes of Drummaul and Duneane, Co. Antrim.

10412. Ó Catháin (Séamas): An t-osnádúr agus an tíreolaíocht i logainmneacha Mhaigh Eo.

10596. Lacey (Brian): The church of Ráith Maige Óenaig and the Donegal Cenél n'Emma.
   Argues the Donegal church of Ráith Maige Óenaig was situated in the vicinity of Rateen rather than at Raymogh.

5120. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Ainmneacha Béarla na mbailte fearainn i gContae Chill Dara.

2285. Broderick (George): Manx place-name survey preliminary report.

18765. Muhr (Kay): Some aspects of Manx and (northern) Irish monument names.
7229. Tempan (Paul): An eliminent málaínn i logainmneacha.

14425. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): Settlement and place-names.

2287. Hughes (A. J.): Old Irish Cnoicba modern townland Crewbane: conclusive evidence for a sound change in Meath Irish?

11841. Mac Cotter (Paul): Tuath, manor and parish: the kingdom of Fir Maige, the cantred of Fermoy.
   Study based on an examination of the topographical tract entitled *Críchadh an Chaoil*.

   On the transformations experienced by Irish place names.


3582. Oftedal (Magne): Truiseil.

   Provides further evidence for its identification as Castletown River.

16158. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Ainmneacha na lánaí i mbuíle na hÉireann.

1486. Ó Cuv (Brian): Modern Irish srúill.
   *In Éigse 14/3* (Samhradh, 1972), pp. 241–244.
   Srúill ‘stream, etc.’ < *sruibháil* < *sribh*; sruadh ‘rince’ < *sraibh* ‘stream’. ScG *sruadh* (vnl.), *sruadhach* (adj.) ‘rising’ and ‘violent motion of the sea’; ScG *sruach* (adj.) ‘flowing, etc.’; *sruáil* (vnl.), *sruadh* ‘rivulet’, *s(t)rúaidh* ‘swell of sea’; *srua* < *sraibh*; *srua* most likely derive from *sruibháil* but with possible phonetic and semantic contamination between both sets of forms. *Srúile* in Ir pl.ns < *srúill* < *sruibháil* or possibly < *sruibháil* < *sruadh* ‘stream’.

3847. Thomas (Charles): Imported Late-Roman Mediterranean pottery in Ireland and western Britain: chronologies and implications.
   In SGS 21 (2003), pp. 247-249.
   Criticises the traditional Celtic etymologies of these place-names.

   Interprets this place name within the context of Patrician literature
   (particularly Tríp 2 849-852).

13094. Muhr (Kay): Ulster place-name links between Gaelic, English and Scots,
   starting with Kill.
   On the anglicisation of place names containing Ir. Cill.

9789. Ó Corráin (Donnchadh): To Chellóc mac Obéléni: saint and places.
   On the identification of four cult sites associated with Mo Chellóg: Inisvickillane,
   Ballinrannig, Inis Labrúinne (now Inch in the parish of Ballinvöber) and
   Céll Mo Cheallóg (now Kilmakillogue).

   Identifies dat. sg. Deachraidh in poem, Tríollom timechall na Fída by Seán
   Mór Ó Dubhagáin, as the same element seen in Mag n'Dechrae (< *Dechrae),
   located adjacent to Dnasaghpatrick (Co. Meath).

5339. Ó Gallachair (P.): Notes on Dromore parish, County Tyrone.
   In Clogher record 9/2 (1977), pp. 261-293.
   2. Local placenames.

1312. Nicholls (K. W.): A Charter of John, Lord of Ireland, in favour of
   Matthew ua Hénni, archbishop of Cashel.
   Ed. of Lat charter (1192-1193) with identifications and commentary on
   place-names mentioned therein from MS PROL C 146/9841.

12319. Ó Bacáill (Colm): Inis Mocu Chéin.
   In SGS 12/2 (Autumn, 1976), pp. 267-270.
   Is identified with Raasay.

ad Onom. Goed. 388, 580. Argues that na Renna (gen. pl. na Rend, inna Renn) mentioned in the Annals of Inisfallen and the Chronicle of Marcellus Scotus is to be identified as the Rhins of Galloway; Dún Reichet (= Dunaigd) is identified as belonging to this area.

10600. FitzPatrick (Elizabeth): The landscape of Máel Sechnaill’s rígdál at Ráith Áeda, AD 859.
   Suggests the site of the royal meeting was Caoc Baadhla (Knockbo in the parish of Rahugh, Co. Westmeath).

   On the possible connection between W Ynys y Kedeirn/Kedryn in the story of Emnwenn werch Lyr and Lat Insula Fortium in the Navigatio Brendani.

11842. MacCotter (Paul): Drong and dál as synonyms for óenach.

9793. Ó Dálaigh (Pádraig): Deascán ó Dhúcháil Ealla: canas roaimmiged?
   A list of 70 place names in the barony of Duhallo in Co. Cork whose original form and meaning is not clear in their official English version.

16973. Robinson (Philip S.): Germanic place-names in East Ulster.

6591. Mac Aodha (Breandán S.): Rian an Bhéarla ar ainmneach a na mbáiltse fearann i gContae Lú.


14113. Muhr (Kay): Territories, people and place-names in Co. Armagh.

9790. Ó hUírdail (Roibeárd): Mochellóc: some traces of the name and a particular case in the Beara peninsula.

1376. Doherty (Charles): The basilica in early Ireland.
   Discusses use of terms Lat. basilica, dominicum and Ir. baisce/baislic, domnach in medieval Ireland.
3393. Ó Corráin (Donnchadh): Vikings IV: Is Seaxlae Old Norse?

vs M. Oftedal’s explanation (in Viking congress 7, pp. 125-133) as a Norse borrowing.

13025. Ó Cearbháil (Pádraig): Logainmneacha Thainmhaigh an Lín i gCo. na Gaillimhe.

Discusses a set of placenames collected 1991 in this Gaeltacht area (Duiche Sceoighe).

3124. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): The role of toponymy in the Ordnance Survey of Ireland.
In ÉitC 29 (1992), pp. 319–325.


10632. Ó Corráin (Donnchadh): An Fheoibhanach, Fehanagh.

Fehanagh, Co. Kerry.

3411. FitzPatrick (Elizabeth): The inauguration of Tairdelbach Ó Conchobhair at Áth an Tormóin.

Identifies Áth an Tormóin with Áth Carpat, in the termoind of Ei mac nEirc, at Boyle (Co. Roscommon).

14053. Delamarre (Xavier): Iría (*Iría) «l’opulente, la fertile» (Ligurie, Galice, Dalmatie).

Compared to OIr. íriu, Ériu.

3408. Manning (Conleth): Daire Mór identified.

Longford pass (alias Durrihy), Co. Tipperary.


7259. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): An logainm Tóin re Gaoith.


Identified with Castletown river and the ford at Toberona, respectively.

5367. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): The barony names of Fermanagh and Monaghan.


2180. Sims-Williams (Patrick): The Irish geography of Culhuch and Olwen.
   Argues that the Uarbél (`Cold Gap') contained in Esgair Oeruel may be identified with Windgates in Co. Wicklow, and that Tir Garman is a reference to Loch Garman.


13071. Mac Giolla Easpaig (Dónall): The significance and etymology of the placename Temair.
   In Kingship and landscape of Tara (2005), pp. 423–448.
   Reviews the various traditional and modern etymologies of Temair, and suggests a derivation from PIE *tem-r-is `cut-off, demarcated area' (cf. PIE *tem- `to cut'). Includes a discussion of the corpus Temair-names attested throughout Ireland.

3359. Ó Murcada (Diarmuid): Belach Conglais: one or two?
   Argues that the Munster Belach Conglais found in some sources is a literary fabrication connected with the rise of the Dál Cais.

13072. Ó Muraíle (Nollaig): Temair/Tara and other places of the name.
   A catalogue of attestations of the name Temair (1) in early sources and (2) in currently extant placenames.

   Discusses the saints associated with this site, which is identified with Great Island, Co. Wexford.

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15222. Smith (Tom): The death of Conall Cernach at Ballyconnell, County Cavan.
   Examines traditions, textual sources and topography linking the death of Conall with Ballyconnell.

   Proposes a Semitic etymology, viz. ‘y-wr’(m) ‘Isle of Copper’.

   Argues it may have been known as Loch Erne in the early medieval period.

510. Ó Maolfabhail (Art): Ilfhás ar ainm clúiteach (Cnogba > Knowth, Craud, Ballinacrad, Crewbane).
   In Celtica 21 (1990), pp. 523–532.

16682. Piot (Madeleine): Hibernia, l’île méconnue.

   On the case for their identification with Barnavave and Moyry Pass, respectively.

14116. Muhr (Kay): The place-names of County Fermanagh.
   In Fermanagh history and society (2004), pp. 571–599.

6615. Kane (Eamon): A brief study of some placenames in South Kildare.

14085. Mac Giolla Easpaig (Dónall): Early ecclesiastical settlement names of county Galway.
   On the terms domnach, éasain, eanach, tuaim, teach, desart, cill, both, as elements in placenames.

16515. Ludlow (Francis), Mullen (Joan): Naming the land: mapping the Meath Field Names project.

12784. McKay (Patrick): A dictionary of Ulster place-names.
2nd ed. 2007.

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Pádraig Ó Cearbhallaí, in Bealoideas 68 (2000), pp. 229-233 (1st ed.).

Discusses the distribution of 59 Irish and 13 English placename elements.

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17282. Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí = Contae Chill Chainnigh = County Kilkenny / arna ullmhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí.

17279. Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí = Contae Lú = County Louth / arna ullmhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí.

17280. Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí = Contae Luíneacháin = County Monaghan / arna ullmhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí.

17284. Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí = Contae Phort Láirge = County Waterford / arna ullmhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí.

17281. Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí = Contae Phort Láirge = County Waterford / arna ullmhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha na Súirbhéireacha Ordánaí.

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17283. Brainse Logainmneachá na Suirbhéireachta Ordánais: Contae Uíbh Fhailí = County Offaly / arna ullamhú ag An Brainse Logainmneacha cha na Suirbhéireacha Ordánais.

Aims at identifying the places given in the coordinate lists of the second book of Ptolemy’s Geography. Chap. 2: Hibernia (II.2); chap. 3: Albión (II.3).

14748. The Placenames Branch of the Ordnance Survey: Gazetteer of Ireland: names of centres of population and physical features.
Add. t.-p.: Gasaitéar na hÉireann: ainmneacha ionad daonra agus gnéithe aiceanta.
A list of geographical names in both their Irish (with phonetic transcription) and English forms.

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Fascicle 7: D-Dronagán. 2018. xxxvii + 148

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